

Remifentanil a poporodní adaptace novorozence

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- Remifentanil a novorozenecký outcome – PubMed.org
- Novorozenecký outcome a opioidy
- Remifentanil a vliv na poporodní adaptaci novorozence
- Remifentanil a intrauterinní monitorace plodu
- Poporodní adaptace novorozence u SC s remifentanilem
- Závěr - bezpečnost remifentanilu

- PubMed
 - „remifentanil“ + „neonatal outcome“ 33
 - z toho 7 v roce 2013

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[Remifentanil versus Morphine-Midazolam Premedication on the Quality of Endotracheal Intubation in Neonates: A Noninferiority Randomized Trial.](#)
1. Avino D, Zhang WH, De Villé A, Johansson AB.
J Pediatr. 2014 Feb 25. pii: S0022-3476(14)00058-4. doi: 10.1016/j.jpeds.2014.01.030. [Epub ahead of print]
PMID: 24582007 [PubMed - as supplied by publisher]
[Related citations](#)

[A randomized controlled trial of the efficacy and respiratory effects of patient-controlled intravenous remifentanil analgesia and patient-controlled epidural analgesia in laboring women.](#)
2. Stocki D, Matot I, Einav S, Eventov-Friedman S, Ginosar Y, Weiniger CF.
Anesth Analg. 2014 Mar;118(3):589-97. doi: 10.1213/ANE.0b013e3182a7cd1b.
PMID: 24149580 [PubMed - in process]
[Related citations](#)



Novorozenecký outcome a opioidy

- Opioidy přestupují dobře transplacentárně
- Remifentanil čistý μ agonista
 - Oproti jiným μ agonistům (i parciálním a smíšeným) krátký poločas a neprodlužující se context-sensitive halftime
- Koncentrace v pupečnickové krvi 88% matčiny
- Rychlá redistribuce a metabolizace novorozencem (poměr VU a AU 0,29)

Kan RE, et al. Intravenous remifentanil: placental transfer, maternal and neonatal effects. *Anesthesiology* 1998;88(6):1467e74

Remifentanil a intrauterinní monitorace plodu

- Studován vliv na běžnou monitoraci plodu CTG a STAN
- Nebyl nalezen statisticky významný rozdíl oproti epidurální analgezii i spontánnímu porodu
- Bez rozdílu v CTG a výskytu decelerací

Štourač P, Suchomelová H, Stodůlková M et al. Comparison of Parturient-Controlled Remifentanil with Epidural Bupivacain and Sufentanil for Labour Analgesia: Randomised Controlled Trial. Biomed P 2012; 3 DOI: 10.5507/bp.

- Studován vliv na APGAR, ABR pupečnickové krve a potřeba podání naloxonu
- Žádná publikovaná studie nezaznamenala rozdíl oproti epidurální analgezii či spontánnímu porodu

Štourač P, Suchomelová H, Stodůlková M et al. Comparison of Parturient-Controlled Remifentanil with Epidural Bupivacain and Sufentanil for Labour Analgesia: Randomised Controlled Trial. *Biomed P* 2012; 3 DOI: 10.5507/bp.

D'Onofrio P, et al. The efficacy and safety of continuous intravenous administration of remifentanil for birth pain relief: an open study of 205 parturients. *Anesth Analg* 2009;109(6):1922e4.

Buehner U, Broadbent JR, Chesterfield B. Remifentanil patient-controlled analgesia for labour: a complete audit cycle. *Anaesth Intensive Care* 2011;39(4):666e70.

Stocki D, Matot I, Einav S, Eventov-Friedman S, Ginosar Y, Weiniger CF. A Randomized Controlled Trial of the Efficacy and Respiratory Effects of Patient-Controlled Intravenous Remifentanil Analgesia and Patient-Controlled Epidural Analgesia in Laboring Women. *Anesth Analg*. 2013 Oct 21.

Blair JM, Hill DA, Fee JP. Patient-controlled analgesia for labour using remifentanil: a feasibility study. *Br J Anaesth* 2001;87(3):415e20

Douma MR, et al. A randomised comparison of intravenous remifentanil patient-controlled analgesia with epidural ropivacaine/sufentanil during labour. *Int J Obstet Anesth* 2011;20(2):118e23.

Table 1. Characteristics of the Parturients Completing the Study.

| No. | Analgesia | Age (years) | Gravidity duration (weeks + days) | Parity | Labour induction | Height (cm) | Weight (kg) | BMI (m ² /kg) | Duration of labour stages (min) | | | Analgesia Duration (min) | Apgar score | | | pH |
|-----|-----------|-------------|-----------------------------------|--------|------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|--------------------------|-------------|---------|----------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | | 1st min | 5th min | 10th min | |
| 1 | EA | 32 | 40+0 | II | W/O | 171 | 101 | 34.54 | 260 | 10 | 45 | 122 | 9 | 10 | 10 | - |
| 2 | EA | 28 | 37+3 | I | W/O | 165 | 96 | 35.26 | 340 | 0 | 2 | 325 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 7.32 |
| 3 | EA | 29 | 41+0 | I | YES | 168 | 87 | 30.82 | 150 | 50 | 25 | 150 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 7.31 |
| 4 | EA | 30 | 41+2 | I | YES | 167 | 78 | 27.97 | 260 | 5 | 10 | 190 | 9 | 9 | 9 | - |
| 5 | EA | 31 | 39+4 | II | YES | 170 | 93 | 32.18 | 160 | 10 | 10 | 60 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 7.21 |
| 6 | EA | 28 | 39+0 | I | YES | 158 | 54 | 21.63 | 135 | 5 | 10 | 100 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 7.4 |
| 7 | EA | 30 | 40+4 | I | YES | 168 | 73 | 25.86 | 265 | 10 | 35 | 220 | 3 | 6 | 8 | 6.99 |
| 8 | EA | 24 | 39+4 | I | W/O | 173 | 82 | 27.4 | 335 | 10 | 10 | 185 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 7.18 |
| 9 | EA | 32 | 40+2 | I | YES | 171 | 76 | 25.99 | 220 | 15 | 15 | 225 | 9 | 9 | 10 | - |
| 10 | EA | 29 | 39+3 | I | YES | 163 | 83 | 31.24 | 270 | 30 | 10 | 150 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 7.33 |
| 11 | EA | 30 | 40+3 | I | W/O | 170 | 124 | 42.91 | 365 | 10 | 10 | 300 | 9 | 10 | 10 | - |
| 12 | EA | 30 | 41+1 | I | YES | 175 | 83 | 27.1 | 200 | 10 | 10 | 105 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 7.4 |
| | Mean | 29.4 | 40+0 | | | 168.3 | 85.83 | 30.24 | 246.7 | 13.75 | 16 | 177.67 | 8.5 | 9.3 | 9.67 | 7.27 |
| | SD | 2.05 | 1+0 | | | 4.42 | 16.75 | 5.35 | 76.3 | 13.51 | 12.54 | 80.17 | 1.88 | 1.23 | 0.65 | 0.137 |
| | Median | 30 | 40+1 | | | 169 | 83 | 29.395 | 260 | 10 | 10 | 167.5 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 7.315 |
| 13 | rPCA | 24 | 41+5 | I | YES | 165 | 80 | 29.38 | 340 | 15 | 45 | 273 | 7 | 8 | 8 | - |
| 14 | rPCA | 23 | 37+6 | I | YES | 165 | 74 | 27.18 | 165 | 10 | 10 | 65 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 7.14 |
| 15 | rPCA | 31 | 39+2 | I | W/O | 172 | 70 | 23.66 | 260 | 10 | 25 | 160 | 9 | 10 | 10 | - |
| 16 | rPCA | 29 | 38+4 | III | YES | 162 | 69 | 26.29 | 335 | 5 | 5 | 205 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 7.31 |
| 17 | rPCA | 32 | 40+2 | II | YES | 168 | 75 | 26.57 | 150 | 15 | 25 | 50 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 7.32 |
| 18 | rPCA | 29 | 38+1 | II | YES | 168 | 89 | 31.53 | 355 | 5 | 5 | 170 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 7.06 |
| 19 | rPCA | 32 | 39+2 | II | YES | 170 | 77 | 26.64 | 235 | 5 | 5 | 90 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 7.4 |
| 20 | rPCA | 29 | 40+2 | I | W/O | 165 | 86 | 31.59 | 240 | 10 | 15 | 195 | 9 | 10 | 10 | - |
| 21 | rPCA | 27 | 41+4 | I | YES | 165 | 133 | 48.85 | 250 | 10 | 15 | 200 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 7.2 |
| 22 | rPCA | 25 | 39+1 | I | YES | 164 | 81 | 30.12 | 315 | 40 | 10 | 290 | 9 | 10 | 10 | - |
| 23 | rPCA | 29 | 40+3 | I | YES | 176 | 98 | 31.64 | 230 | 10 | 10 | 90 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 7.31 |
| 24 | rPCA | 25 | 36+6 | I | YES | 164 | 76 | 28.26 | 255 | 0 | 15 | 165 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 7.33 |
| | Mean | 27.9 | 39+3 | | | 167 | 84 | 30.14 | 260.8 | 11.25 | 15.42 | 162.75 | 8.75 | 9.5 | 9.67 | 7.26 |
| | SD | 2.95 | 1+3 | | | 3.83 | 16.75 | 6.13 | 65.5 | 10.01 | 11.57 | 77.15 | 0.75 | 0.67 | 0.65 | 0.107 |
| | Median | 29 | 39+1.5 | | | 165 | 78.5 | 28.82 | 252.5 | 10 | 12.5 | 167.5 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 7.31 |

BMI - body mass index; EA - epidural analgesia; rPCA - remifentanil parturient controlled analgesia;

Table 2. Comparison of Parturients Characteristics, Neonatal, Labour and VAS Course Parameters.

| | EA Mean | rPCA Mean | P |
|------------------|---------|-----------|----|
| Age (years) | 29.42 | 27.92 | NS |
| Gestures (days) | 279.83 | 276.16 | NS |
| Labor induction | 0.66 | 0.83 | NS |
| Height (cm) | 168.25 | 167.00 | NS |
| Weight (kg) | 85.83 | 84.00 | NS |
| BMI (m2/kg) | 30.24 | 30.14 | NS |
| 1st stage (min) | 246.67 | 260.83 | NS |
| 2nd stage (min) | 13.75 | 11.25 | NS |
| 3rd stage (min) | 16.00 | 15.42 | NS |
| pH | 7.27 | 7.26 | NS |
| VAS 0 h (N=24) | 7.33 | 7.04 | NS |
| VAS 0.5 h (N=24) | 3.29 | 4.13 | NS |
| VAS 1.0 h (N=22) | 4.14 | 4.64 | NS |
| VAS 1.5 h (N=19) | 4.05 | 5.33 | NS |
| VAS 2.0 h (N=16) | 4.09 | 5.88 | NS |
| Satisfaction (%) | 88 | 85 | NS |

NS (Not Significant P>0.05); BMI (Body Mass Index); VAS (Visual Analogue Score)

Štourač P, Suchomelová H, Stodůlková M et al. Comparison of Parturient-Controlled Remifentanil with Epidural Bupivacain and Sufentanil for Labour Analgesia: Randomised Controlled Trial. Biomed P 2012; 3 DOI: 10.5507/bp.

Table 2. Meta-Analysis Results and Quality of Evidence on the Comparison of Patient-Controlled IV Analgesia and Epidural Analgesia

| Outcome | Trials | Participants | Statistical method | Effect estimate | I ² | GRADE |
|---------------------|--------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|----------|
| 1 h VAS scores (cm) | 5 | 884 | RE, MD, 95% CI | 1.9 (0.5–3.3) ^a | 94% | Low |
| 2 h VAS scores (cm) | 3 | 58 | RE, MD, 95% CI | 3.0 (0.7–5.2) ^a | 89% | Moderate |
| Nausea | 4 | 862 | FE, RR, 95% CI | 0.87 (0.60–1.26) | 0% | Moderate |
| Pruritus | 3 | 817 | FE, RR, 95% CI | 0.46 (0.20–1.07) | 0% | Moderate |
| Vomiting | 3 | 817 | RE, RR, 95% CI | 1.56 (0.47–5.21) | 68% | Moderate |
| Umbilical artery pH | 5 | 878 | FE, MD, 95% CI | 0.01 (0.00–0.02) ^a | 37% | Moderate |

Liu ZQ1, Chen XB, Li HB, Qiu MT, Duan T. A comparison of remifentanil parturient-controlled intravenous analgesia with epidural analgesia: a meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. Anesth Analg. 2014 Mar;118(3):598-603. doi:

10.1213/ANE.0000000000000077.

Novorozenecký outcome podání remifentanilu u SC

- Statistický rozdíl
- Klinicky nevýznamný
- Favorizuje kontrolu

Heesen M, Klöhr S, Hofmann T, Rossaint R, Devroe S, Straube S, Van de Velde M. Maternal and foetal effects of remifentanil for general anaesthesia in parturients undergoing caesarean section: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Acta Anaesthesiol Scand.* 2013 Jan;57(1):29-36.

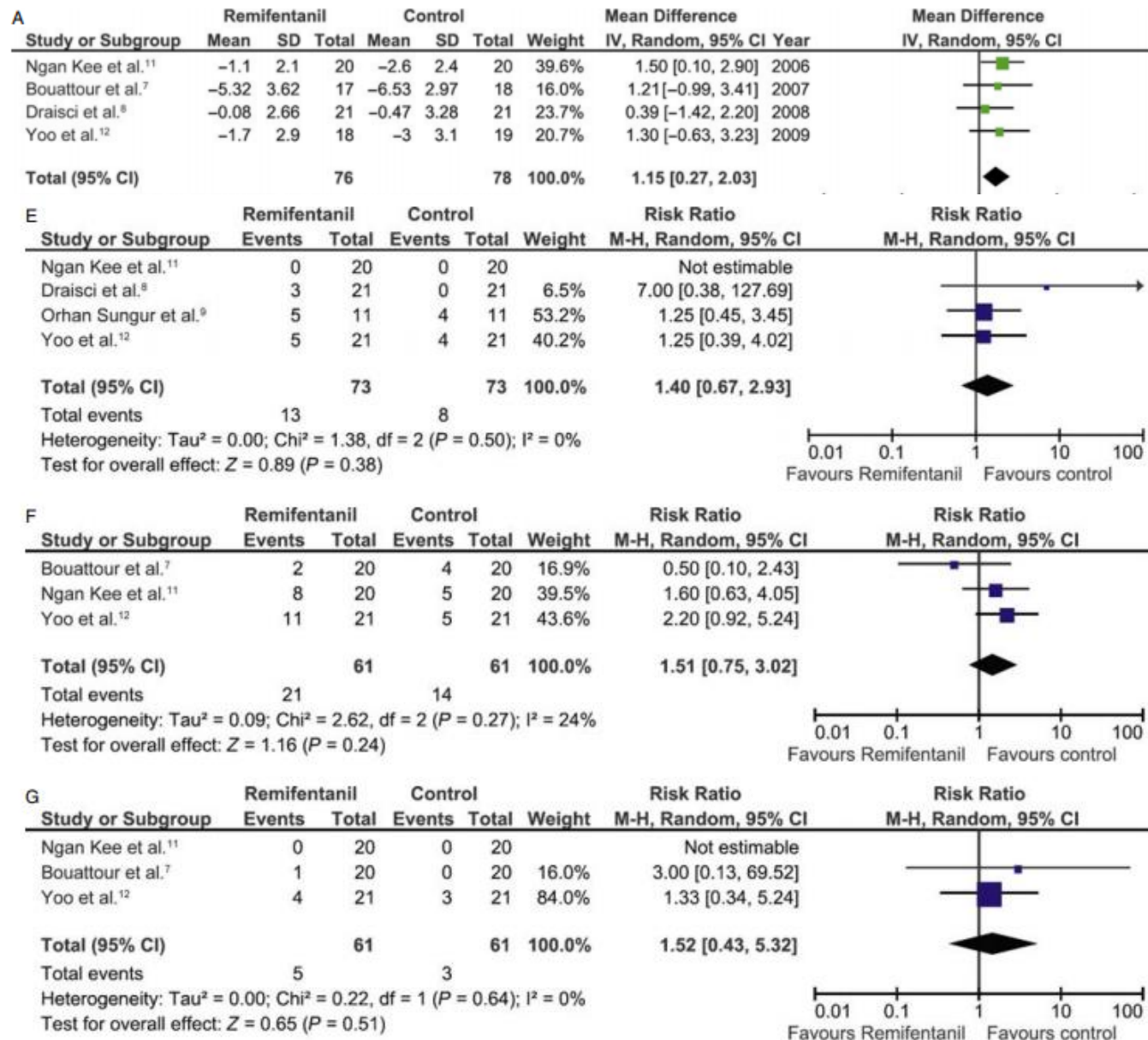


Fig. 3. Neonatal outcome. (A) Base excess (BE) data of the neonate. (B) pH data of the neonate. (C) Partial pressure of carbon dioxide data of the neonate. (D) Mask ventilation of the neonate. (E) Intubation of the neonate. (F) Apgar <7 at 1 min. (G) Apgar <7 at 5 min. CI, confidence interval; SD, standard deviation; IV, inverse variance; M-H, Mantel-Haenszel.

Závěr - bezpečnost remifentanilu u porodu

- Přes velmi optimistické závěry stran minimálního ovlivnění novorozenecké poporodní adaptace je nutné mít na paměti
 - Málo publikovaných studií
 - Relativně selektovaný vzorek
 - Remifentanil je μ agonista se stejnými nežádoucími účinky jako mají jiné opioidy
 - Pro riziko útlumu dechu je nutné mít kompletní vybavení pro resuscitaci novorozence při použití remifentanilu v peripartálním období
 - Porodní sál musí být vybaven naloxonem

Volikas I, et al. Maternal and neonatal side-effects of remifentanil patientcontrolled analgesia in labour. Br J Anaesth 2005;95(4):504e9.



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